

试卷代号:2015

中央广播电视大学 2002—2003 学年度第二学期“开放专科”期末考试

各专业英语(1)试题

2003 年 7 月

注 意 事 项

一、将你的准考证号、学生证号、姓名及分校(工作站)名称填写在答题纸的规定栏内。考试结束后,把试卷和答题纸放在桌上。试卷和答题纸均不得带出考场。

二、仔细阅读题目的说明,并按题目要求和答题示例答题。答案一定要写在答题纸的指定位置上,写在试卷上的答案无效。

三、用蓝、黑圆珠笔或钢笔答题,使用铅笔答题无效。

听力部分(共 15 分)

一、A. 听对话,并圈出对话中出现的词汇:(3 分)

- | | | |
|-----------------|------------|----------|
| 1. A. live | B. leave | C. love |
| 2. A. work | B. word | C. walk |
| 3. A. seventeen | B. seventy | C. seven |

B. 听问句及三个不同的答语,然后根据问句选择正确的答语:(5 分)

- | | | |
|--------|--------|--------|
| 4. ABC | 5. ABC | 6. ABC |
| 7. ABC | 8. ABC | |

二、听短文,并判断下列各句是否符合短文内容,符合的在句后横线上写 T,不符合的写 F:(7 分)

9. Most Americans eat breakfast and lunch slowly. _____
10. The favourite fast food in the US is the hamburger. _____
11. The best place to buy a hamburger is a fast-food restaurant. _____
12. Such fast-food restaurants only serve hamburgers. _____
13. Fast-food restaurants are quite popular in America. _____
14. The price of the food in fast-food restaurants is expensive. _____
15. Many Americans think the quality of the food is much more important than the service and the price. _____

笔试部分(共 85 分)

三、选用恰当的时态,用括号内动词的正确形式填空:(10 分)

Chen Hong _____ (16. study) English at the CRTVU now. It _____ (17. seem) easy at first because she _____ (18. remember) the grammar and vocabulary from middle school, but now she _____ (19. have) problems with listening and speaking. She _____ (20. not practise) those skills very much at middle school, but now she _____ (21. know) they _____ (22. be) very important skills. She _____ (23. try) hard to improve them. She _____ (24. read) English

books on Science, Technology and Economics. She ____ also ____ (25. communicate) more in English, both inside and outside the class. So, he's going to read as much as possible, listen to English on the radio, watch English TV programmes and speak in English.

四、句型转换:(12分)

(一)按照示例,写出下列各句的否定形式(在可能的地方用紧缩形式),再就句中划线部分提问,写出特殊疑问句:

Example: Mary's parents live in London.

Mary's parents don't live in London.

Where do Mary's parents live?

26. Mr. Smith is going to read the next lesson this evening.

27. Their English teacher will leave for England next week.

28. Tom found his keys in his bedroom yesterday.

(二)用连词将下列两个简单句连接起来(不要用 and)

29. All of us agree. Let's do it right away.

30. We can stay at home and watch TV. It will rain tomorrow.

31. The shops were closed. He arrived.

五、选择题,选出正确答案:(25分)

32. The girl ____ a yellow dress is our friend.

A. in

B. on

C. with

33. My parents are waiting ____ me ____ the bus stop.

A. for, in

B. at, at

C. for, at

34. The boys are playing ____ their toys.

A. with

B. for

C. on

六、完形填空:(14分)

Swimming is very popular in summer. People 57 swimming in summer 58 water makes people feel 59. If you like swimming but swim in 60 wrong place, it 61 not be safe (安全的). In the past few years, quite some people 62 their lives while they were enjoying 63 in the water, and most of them were students. But some people are still not 64 in swimming. They often think they swim so well that 65 can happen 66 them in the water. Summer is here again. If you go swimming in summer, don't forget that 67 swimmers can die in water. They died because they were not careful, not because they could not swim. 68 don't get into water when you're 69. If there is a "No Swimming" sign (标记), don't get into water, 70. If you remember these, swimming will be safer.

- | | | |
|------------------|-------------|---------------|
| 57. A. likes | B. like | C. liked |
| 58. A. because | B. when | C. if |
| 59. A. cooly | B. cooling | C. cool |
| 60. A. the | B. a | C. / |
| 61. A. may | B. might | C. could |
| 62. A. lose | B. lost | C. loses |
| 63. A. them | B. himself | C. themselves |
| 64. A. carefully | B. careless | C. careful |
| 65. A. nothing | B. anything | C. something |
| 66. A. for | B. with | C. to |
| 67. A. good | B. better | C. best |
| 68. A. And | B. But | C. So |
| 69. A. alone | B. lonely | C. lone |
| 70. A. too | B. also | C. either |

七、阅读下列句子,然后按顺序将句子排列成一个完整的对话,并将句子前的字母填写在方框内相应的位置。第一个句子已经给出。(10分)

- A. When is the match going to be?
- B. Of course I want to. Can I go with you?
- C. Oh, thank you very much.
- D. Hello, Wang Lin. What are you doing here? (71)
- E. Which one are you going to buy, then?
- F. Japanese team. By the way, do you want to watch that match, too?
- G. There are two matches. One is tomorrow's, the other is on Saturday afternoon.
- H. Which team is our Chinese team going to play in that match?
- I. Certainly. I'll buy one more ticket and I can let you have one.
- J. I'm waiting to buy the tickets for the football match.
- K. Of course I'm going to buy the ticket for Saturday afternoon. We have no classes that afternoon.

八、阅读短文,然后判断短文后的句子是否符合短文内容,符合的写 T,不符合的写 F(14分)

In the past, life changed slowly and people didn't think about the future very much. Nowadays we often think about it because we know that there will be a lot of big changes. Life in the future will be very different from life today. Perhaps some people will go on holiday to the moon, and some scientists will live under the sea. There will be less room for cows and sheep, so meat will be more expensive. We'll eat less meat and more fruit and vegetables, so we'll probably be healthier. Computers (计算机) will be smaller, but more powerful and there will be at least one in every home. Maybe we'll have video (录像的) telephones in every home. When we talk on the phone, we'll be able to see the person at the other end. Of course, we're sure there'll be more educational programmes on radio and television, so perhaps some children won't need to go to school every day. They'll study at home.

82. In the past, people didn't think about the future very much because life was boring. _____
83. Life in the future will be very little different from today's life. _____
84. It's impossible for people to go on holiday to the moon. _____
85. Meat will be more expensive in the future. _____
86. People will live longer than people do now. _____
87. There'll be at least two computers in every home. _____
88. All the children will not need to go to school and won't have much homework to do.

得 分	评卷人

六、完形填空:(14分)

57. 58. 59. 60. 61.
62. 63. 64. 65. 66.
67. 68. 69. 70.

得 分	评卷人

七、阅读下列句子,然后按顺序将句子排列成一个完整的对话,并将句前的字母填写在方框内相应的位置。第一句已经给出。(10分)

71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81
D										

得 分	评卷人

八、阅读短文,然后判断短文后的句子是否符合短文内容,符合的写 T,不符合的写 F:(共 14 分)

82. 83. 84. 85. 86.
87. 88.

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各专业英语(1)试题答案及评分标准

(供参考)

2003 年 7 月

听力部分(共 15 分)

一、A. (每题 1 分,共 3 分。)

1. B

2. C

3. A

B. (每题 1 分,共 5 分。)

4. C

5. A

6. B

7. A

8. C

二、(每题 1 分,共 7 分。)

9. F

10. T

11. T

12. F

13. T

14. F

15. F

笔试部分(共 85 分)

三、(每空 1 分,共 10 分。)

16. is studying/studies

17. seemed

18. remembered

19. is having/has

20. didn't practise

21. knows

22. are

23. is going to try

24. is going to read

25. will ... communicate

四、(每句 2 分,共 12 分。)

(一)26. Mr. Smith isn't going to read the next lesson this evening.

Who is going to read the next lesson this evening?

27. Their English teacher won't leave for England next week.

When/ What time will their English teacher leave for England?

28. Tom didn't find his keys in his bedroom yesterday.

Where did Tom find his keys yesterday?

(二)29. Since/Because/As all of us agree, let's do it right away.

30. If it rains tomorrow, we can stay at home and watch TV.

31. When he arrived, the shops were closed.

(The shops were closed before he arrived.)

五、(每题 1 分,共 25 分。)

32. A 33. C 34. A 35. B 36. B

37. C 38. C 39. B 40. A 41. B

42. A 43. B 44. C 45. C 46. B

47. A 48. B 49. C 50. A 51. B

52. C 53. C 54. A 55. B 56. C

六、(每空 1 分,共 14 分。)

57. B 58. A 59. C 60. B 61. A 62. B 63. C

64. C 65. A 66. C 67. B 68. C 69. A 70. C

七、(每空 1 分,共 10 分。)

71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81
D	J	A	G	E	K	H	F	B	I	C

八、(每题 2 分,共 14 分。)

82. F 83. F 84. T 85. T 86. T 87. F 88. F