

试卷代号:1161

中央广播电视大学 2006—2007 学年度第一学期“开放本科”期末考试

各专业 英语 II (1) 试题

2007 年 1 月

注 意 事 项

一、将你的学号、姓名及分校(工作站)名称填写在答题纸的规定栏内。考试结束后,把试卷和答题纸放在桌上。试卷和答题纸均不得带出考场。监考人收完考卷和答题纸后才可离开考场。

二、仔细阅读题目的说明,并按题目要求和答题示例答题。答案一定要写在答题纸的指定位置上,写在试卷上的答案无效。

三、用蓝、黑圆珠笔或钢笔答题,使用铅笔答题无效。

第一部分 交际用语(共计 10 分,每小题 2 分)

1—5 小题 阅读下面的小对话,从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出一个能填入空白处的最佳选项,并在答题纸上写出所选的字母符号。

1. —Hello, Sally. How's everything?

—_____.

A. Good for you

B. Oh, I agree

C. That's right

D. Just so-so

2. —Excuse me, would you lend me your calculator?

—_____.

A. Certainly. Here you are

B. Please don't mention it

C. It's nothing

D. Yes, I have a hand

3. —I don't like the spots programs on Sundays.

—_____.

A. So do I

B. Neither do I

C. So am I

D. Neither am I

4. —What's the problem, Harry?

—_____.

A. No problem

B. No trouble at all

C. Thank you for asking me about it

D. I can't remember where I left my glasses

5. —What kind of TV program do you like best?

—_____.

A. I like them very much

B. I only watch them at weekend

C. It's hard to say, actually

D. I'm too busy to say

第二部分 词汇与结构(20分,每小题2分)

6—20 小题 阅读下面的句子,从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出一个能填入空白处的最佳选项,并在答题纸上写出所选的字母符号。

6. The sun heats the earth, _____ is very important to living things.
A. that
B. what
C. which
D. where
7. If the man _____ succeed, he must work as hard as he can.
A. will
B. is to
C. is going to
D. should
8. Ancient Greece is the _____ of western civilization.
A. origin
B. source
C. place
D. sources
9. Please stop _____. It cannot help the situation.
A. to shout
B. shouting
C. to speak
D. speaking
10. The big man has always been eating on the go, _____ he has got stomachache.
A. so
B. however
C. as
D. because
11. I broke my leg when I _____ skiing in America.
A. is
B. was
C. — (不填)
D. would be
12. She was convicted _____ murder.
A. to
B. in
C. of
D. as
13. A new hotel _____ in the center of town at the moment.
A. has been built
B. is built
C. was built
D. is being built

14. It is very convenient _____ here.

A. living

B. live

C. lived

D. to live

15. I have lived here _____ 1997.

A. for

B. since

C. at

D. from

第三部分 完形填空 (共计 20 分, 每题 2 分)

16—25 小题 阅读下面的短文,从短文后所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出能填入相应空白处的最佳选项,并在答题纸上写出所选的字母符号。

A study (16) _____ that fitness is the key (17) _____ long life, irrespective of body shape or even smoking habits. Researchers discovered that people (18) _____ exercise live longer than those who do not, (19) _____ they are overweight and smoke.

The study found that the least fit of the 6,000 middle-aged men in the study were five times (20) _____ to die within six years of the start of the research than the fittest. This was true whether or not the men had heart problems, smoked or (21) _____ overweight. Scientists concluded that it was better to be fat and active than skinny and sedentary. Dr Ken Cooper, a fitness expert, said, "You are better off smoking a packet of cigarettes a day and (22) _____ regularly than being a non-smoker and sedentary." Although he adds, "But don't misunderstand me. I am not endorsing smoking. I am trying to tell you how dangerous it is to be sedentary." (23) _____, the study appears to fly in the face of research last year which concluded that more than 30,000 people die prematurely every year in Britain from illnesses caused by being overweight.

The British Government is putting pressure on manufacturers (24) _____ high levels of sugar in food and to restrict the hard-sell of junk food to children in order to improve the nation's health. But the new study suggests the Government (25) _____ more people to exercise.

16. A. showing B. show C. has shown D. had shown
17. A. to B. for C. of D. in
18. A. —(不填) B. which C. whom D. who
19. A. if B. unless C. even if D. because
20. A. like B. likely C. less likely D. more likely
21. A. was B. were C. is D. are
22. A. to exercise B. exercising C. exercise D. exercised
23. A. However B. So C. Although D. Furthermore
24. A. reduce B. reducing C. to reduce D. reduced
25. A. encouraged B. encouraging C. to encourage D. encourage

第四部分 阅读理解(共计 30 分,每小题 2 分)

26—35 小题 阅读下列短文,从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出一个正确答案,并在答题纸上写出所选的字母符号。

短文理解 1

I had two jobs growing up and they all helped shape my life.

When I was about 12, I started caddying (当球童) at a nearby country club. All the kids in the neighborhood did it, and I liked it a lot. I got to watch people who were generally pretty wealthy. They were businessmen and doctors. I would listen to them talking about things and see how they behaved with each other. It was like a fly on the wall at a meeting.

The second job was at a shoe store. I constantly met people from all walks of life and the challenge was exciting. I'd start bringing them different kinds of shoes and get right down there and put them on their feet. If they didn't like a certain shoe, I always tried to be thinking ahead to a pair they might like better. It was like stepping up to the plate in a baseball game. Every time someone walked into that store, I was going to bat and taking a swing. I never wanted to let a customer get out of that store without buying a pair of shoes to his satisfaction.

This job helped teach me an important business lesson: You have to take risks in

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business. If you take a risk and fail, get up to bat and swing again.

26. The author thinks what he has learned from his first job is _____.
A. how to learn to like a job
B. how to talk and behave properly
C. how to become wealthy
D. how to listen to people
27. The phrase “people from all walks of life” in the third paragraph means people _____.
A. walking in different ways
B. having different interests in life
C. coming from different parts of the city
D. working in different occupations
28. The author thinks his second job is _____.
A. challenging
B. important
C. different
D. satisfying
29. The author compares his second job to _____.
A. a fly on the wall at a meeting
B. stepping into a golf course
C. joining a baseball game
D. taking a bat to swing
30. The business lesson the author gets from selling shoes is _____.
A. thinking ahead of the customers
B. trying every possible way to satisfy a customer
C. never be afraid of taking risks
D. never let go anyone walking into the shop

短文理解 2

We walked in so quietly that the nurse at the desk didn't even lift her eyes from the book. Mum pointed at a big chair by the door and I knew she wanted me to sit down. While

I watched, mouth open in surprise, Mum took off her hat and coat and gave them to me to hold. She walked quietly to the small room by the lift and took out a wet mop. She pushed the mop past the desk and as the nurse looked up, Mum nodded and said, "Very dirty floors."

"Yes. I'm glad they've finally decided to clean them," the nurse answered. She looked at Mum strangely and said, "But aren't you working late?"

Mum just pushed harder, each swipe of the mop taking her farther and farther down the hall. I watched until she was out of sight and the nurse had turned back to writing in the big book.

After a long time Mum came back. Her eyes were shining. She quickly put the mop back and took my hand. As we turned to go out of the door, Mum nodded politely to the nurse and said, "Thank you."

Outside, Mum told me, "Kate is fine. No fever."

"You saw her, Mum?"

"Of course. I told her about the hospital rules, and she will not expect us until tomorrow. Dad will stop worrying as well. It's a fine hospital. But such floors! A mop is no good. You need a brush."

31. When she took a mop from the small room what Mum really wanted to do was _____.
- A. to clean the floor
B. to please the nurse
C. to see a patient
D. to surprise the story-teller
32. When the nurse talked to Mum she thought Mum was a _____.
- A. nurse
B. visitor
C. patient
D. cleaner
33. After reading the story what can we infer about the hospital? _____.
- A. It is a children's hospital.
B. It has strict rules about visiting hours.
C. The nurses and doctors there don't work hard.
D. A lot of patients come to this hospital every day.

34. Why did Mum go to see Kate in the hospital? _____

A. To give her some message about Dad.

B. To make sure her room was clean.

C. To check that she was still there.

D. To find out how she was.

35. Which of the following words best describes Mum?

A. Polite.

B. Patient.

C. Changeable.

D. Clever.

36—40 小题 阅读下列短文,并根据短文内容判断其后的句子是否正确(T)、错误(F),还是文字中没有涉及相关信息(NG)。

短文理解 3

My grandfather was a very interesting man. He died when I was 11, but I remember he used to tell me stories about his early life. He told me one about how he used to race dogs. They raced greyhound, a very fast type of dog. My grandfather had a dog that was very fast and usually won the races. The men used to bet on the dogs and try to win money. One day before a race, a friend of my grandfather's suggested that they bet on a different dog and make my grandfather's dog lose the race. My grandfather had no job, so this seemed an easy way to make money. On the day of the race, my grandfather and his friend fed the dog lots of cakes so it wouldn't want to run. Then they took it for a long walk so it was tired. They bet on another dog, but when the race was run, my grandfather's dog won anyway, so they lost all their money and didn't win anything!

36. The author's grandfather doesn't tell stories now.

37. His dog always won when it raced.

38. The author's grandfather usually won lots of money.

39. The author's grandfather and his friend fed the dog cakes to make it strong.

40. The author's grandfather and his friend bet on a dog which didn't win.

第五部分 书面表达(20分)

Directions: For this part, you are allowed thirty minutes to write a passage to state your views on the topic: **My ideal job**. You should write at least 80 words and base your writing on the Chinese outline below:

1. 你理想的工作是什么?
2. 你的理由。
3. 如何实现你的理想?

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座位号

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各专业 英语 II (1) 试题答题纸

2007 年 1 月

题 号	第一部分	第二部分	第三部分	第四部分	第五部分	总 分
分 数						

得 分	评卷人

第一部分 交际用语 (共计 10 分, 每小题 2 分)

1. 2. 3. 4. 5.

得 分	评卷人

第二部分 词汇与结构 (共计 20 分, 每小题 2 分)

6. 7. 8. 9. 10.

11. 12. 13. 14. 15.

得 分	评卷人

第三部分 完形填空 (共计 20 分, 每小题 2 分)

16. 17. 18. 19. 20.

21. 22. 23. 24. 25.

得 分	评卷人

第四部分 阅读理解(共计 30 分, 每小题 2 分)

- | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 26. | 27. | 28. | 29. | 30. |
| 31. | 32. | 33. | 34. | 35. |
| 36. | 37. | 38. | 39. | 40. |

得 分	评卷人

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各专业 英语 II (1) 试题答案及评分标准

(供参考)

2007 年 1 月

第一部分 交际用语(共计 10 分,每小题 2 分)

1. D 2. A 3. B 4. D 5. C

第二部分 词汇与结构(共计 20 分,每小题 2 分)

6. C 7. B 8. A 9. B 10. A
11. B 12. C 13. D 14. A 15. B

第三部分 完形填空(共计 20 分,每小题 2 分)

16. C 17. A 18. D 19. C 20. D
21. B 22. B 23. A 24. C 25. D

第四部分 阅读理解(共计 30 分,每小题 2 分)

26. B 27. D 28. A 29. C 30. C
31. C 32. D 33. B 34. D 35. D
36. T 37. F 38. NG 39. F 40. T

第五部分 书面表达(20 分)

1. 评分原则

1) 本题总分为 20 分,按 5 个档次给分。

2) 评分时,先根据文章的内容和语言初步确定其所属档次,然后以该档次的要求来衡量、确定或调整档次,最后给分。

3) 字数少于 50 的(不包括所给句子和标点符号)从总分中减去 1 分。

4) 评分时应注意的主要内容:内容要点、句型变化、运用词汇和语法结构的准确性。

5) 评分时,如拼写错误较多,书写较差,以至影响交际,将分数降低一个档次。

2. 各档次的给分范围和要求

16—20 分	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ●完全完成了试题规定的任务； ●覆盖所有内容要点； ●语法结构、句型和词汇有变化； ●语法结构和用词准确。
11—15 分	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ●较好地完成了试题规定的任务； ●覆盖所有内容要点； ●句型和词汇有变化； ●语法结构和词汇基本准确，些许错误主要是因为尝试较复杂语法结构或词汇所致。
6—10 分	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ●基本完成了试题规定的任务； ●覆盖所有内容要点； ●运用语法结构和词汇方面能满足任务的基本要求； ●有一些语法结构或词汇方面的错误，但不影响理解。
3—5 分	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ●虽尽力但不足以完成试题规定的任务； ●仅覆盖部分主要内容，或写了一些无关内容； ●语法结构和词汇运用能力很弱； ●有许多语法结构或词汇方面的错误，影响了对写作内容的理解。
1—2 分	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ●未完成试题规定的任务； ●句子不完整或无法理解； ●语法结构或词汇方面错误连篇，影响对写作内容的理解；语言运用能力差。
0 分	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ●未答题，或虽作答但不知所云。

3. Sample:

Everybody has his dream for his career in the future. He or she might want to be a teacher, a doctor, a scientist, a sportsperson and so on. To tell you the truth, my ideal job is in business. The idea came into being when I was a child.

With the development of market economy, there are many prosperous opportunities in business. I like reading stories about some successful businessmen such as Bill Gates, Li Jiacheng, etc. I believe I will be a man like them some day.

Now, I am majoring in Computing. I must study hard to get myself qualified for my future job.