

试卷代号:1161

中央广播电视大学 2008—2009 学年度第二学期“开放本科”期末考试

英语 II (1) 试题

2009 年 7 月

注 意 事 项

一、将你的学号、姓名及分校(工作站)名称填写在答题纸的规定栏内。考试结束后,把试卷和答题纸放在桌上。试卷和答题纸均不得带出考场。

二、仔细阅读题目的说明,并按题目要求答题。答案一定要写在答题纸指定的位置上,写在试卷上的答案无效。

三、用蓝、黑圆珠笔或钢笔答题,使用铅笔答题无效。

第一部分 交际用语(共计 10 分,每小题 2 分)

1—5 小题: 阅读下面的小对话,从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个能填入空白处的最佳选项,并在答题纸上写出所选的字母符号。

1. — Nice weather, isn't it?

— _____.

A. I'm not sure

B. Yes, it is

C. Yes, it isn't

2. May I know your address?

— _____.

A. Sure. Here you are

B. I have no idea

C. Sorry, I've forgotten

3. — Could you tell me where Mr. Lake is?

— _____.

A. From England

B. At the office

C. He's working

4. — In my opinion, you'd better take a couple of days off.

— _____.

A. I'm afraid so

B. Let me see

C. I'll take your advice

5. — What would you like, tea or coffee?

— _____.

A. Yes, I would

B. Coffee, please

C. It's very nice

第二部分 词汇与结构(共计 20 分,每小题 2 分)

6—15 小题: 阅读下面的句子,从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个能填入空白处的最佳选项,并在答题纸上写出所选的字母符号。

6. _____ he said is quite right.

A. That

B. What

C. Why

7. The next train to Beijing _____ here at 3'o clock.
A. is due
B. is due to
C. is due for
8. The road _____ built last year.
A. has been
B. was
C. is being
9. I'm leaving for New York _____ three day's time.
A. —
B. at
C. in
10. Let me _____ the case carefully before I draw a conclusion.
A. look up
B. look into
C. look after
11. We have our office _____ every day by a cleaner.
A. clean
B. to clean
C. cleaned
12. Don't worry. There is _____ room for all your books here.
A. more
B. much
C. some
13. You _____ to exercise more.
A. ought
B. should
C. must
14. Given the high price, _____ it's not surprising they didn't buy it.
A. and
B. but
C. —
15. She likes to spend time _____ with her grandchildren.
A. play
B. to play
C. playing

第三部分 完形填空 (共计 20 分, 每题 2 分)

16—25 小题: 阅读下面的短文, 从短文后所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出能填入相应空白处的最佳选项, 并在答题纸上写出所选的字母符号。

The ancient Olympic Games (16) part of a religious festival in honour (17) the Greek god Zeus, the father of all Greek gods and goddesses. The festival and games (18) in Olympia, a religious Sanctuary.

In the ancient games, athletes received prizes worth large amounts of money. In fact the word “athlete” is an ancient Greek word, (19) “one who competes (20) a prize”.

The marathon was not an event of the ancient Olympic Games. The marathon is a modern event that was first (21) in the Olympic Games in 1896. It was (22) a village called Marathon (23) the Persians (24) by a small Greek army. The news of the victory was brought to Athens by a soldier, who ran the 26 miles from the village of Marathon to the capital. 26 miles was (25) adopted as the distance of the modern marathon race.

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|----------------------|----------------|--------------|
| 16. A. is | B. were | C. was |
| 17. A. for | B. after | C. of |
| 18. A. are hold | B. held | C. were held |
| 19. A. meaning | B. mean | C. meant |
| 20. A. of | B. for | C. in |
| 21. A. introduced | B. introducing | C. introduce |
| 22. A. name for | B. named after | C. named of |
| 23. A. that | B. which | C. where |
| 24. A. were defeated | B. defeats | C. defeated |
| 25. A. because | B. furthermore | C. therefore |

第四部分 阅读理解 (共计 30 分, 每小题 3 分)

26—30 小题: 阅读下列短文, 从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个正确答案, 并在答题纸上写出所选的字母符号。

短文理解 1

A survey has shown that people have stopped believing both the media and politicians.

31—35 小题: 阅读下列短文, 并根据短文内容判断其后的句子是正确(T)或错误(F)。

短文理解 2

Speedway racing is a type of motorcycle racing that is done on a track with a special motorcycle. It was introduced to Britain in 1928. The first races were held at High Beech in Epping Forest. Now races are held in special stadiums, but then a track was made in the forest behind a pub called the Royal Oak. The track was not concrete or tarmac, but was made from cinders. The first races were organized by Jack Hill-Bailey. He had visited Australia and seen speedway racing there. When he returned to Britain, he decided to introduce the sport to Britain and started organising the first races with his friends in the Ilford Motorcycle Club. They expected 3,000 people to come and watch the races, but over 30,000 people arrived to see the first races!

31. You need a special motorcycle for a speedway race.
32. Speedway races are held on the road.
33. Speedway races were held in Australia before they were held in Britain.
34. Jack Hill-Bailey organised the first races by himself.
35. There were not many people come to see the first race.

第五部分 书面表达(20分)

Directions: For this part, you are allowed thirty minutes to write a passage on the topic **Living In A Big City**. You should write at least 80 words and could base your writing by using the hints given below.

利用所给提示写一篇短文, 说明居住在大城市中优缺点。

city life is attractive with all its advantages and conveniences supermarkets or shopping malls dine out expansion of the city flowing into

Living In A Big City

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座位号

中央广播电视大学 2008—2009 学年度第二学期“开放本科”期末考试

英语 II (1) 试题答题纸

2009 年 7 月

题 号	第一部分	第二部分	第三部分	第四部分	第五部分	总 分
分 数						

得 分	评卷人

第一部分 交际用语(共计 10 分,每小题 2 分)

1. 2. 3. 4. 5.

得 分	评卷人

第二部分 词汇与结构(共计 20 分,每小题 2 分)

6. 7. 8. 9. 10.
11. 12. 13. 14. 15.

得 分	评卷人

第三部分 完形填空(共计 20 分,每小题 2 分)

16. 17. 18. 19. 20.
21. 22. 23. 24. 25.

得 分	评卷人

第四部分 阅读理解(共计 30 分,每小题 3 分)

26. 27. 28. 29. 30.
31. 32. 33. 34. 35.

得 分	评卷人

第五部分 书面表达(20 分)

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中央广播电视大学 2008—2009 学年度第二学期“开放本科”期末考试

英语 II (1) 试题答案及评分标准

(供参考)

2009 年 7 月

第一部分 交际用语(共计 10 分,每小题 2 分)

1. B 2. A 3. B 4. C 5. B

第二部分 词汇与结构(共计 20 分,每小题 2 分)

6. B 7. A 8. B 9. C 10. B
11. C 12. B 13. A 14. C 15. C

第三部分 完形填空(共计 20 分,每小题 2 分)

16. B 17. C 18. C 19. A 20. B
21. A 22. B 23. C 24. A 25. C

第四部分 阅读理解(共计 30 分,每小题 3 分)

26. C 27. B 28. B 29. A 30. C
31. T 32. F 33. T 34. F 35. F

第五部分 书面表达(20 分)

1. 评分原则

1) 本题总分为 20 分,按 5 个档次给分。

2) 评分时,先根据文章的内容和语言初步确定其所属档次,然后以该档次的要求来衡量、确定或调整档次,最后给分。

3) 字数少于 50 的(不包括所给句子和标点符号)从总分中减去 1 分。

4) 评分时应注意的主要内容为:内容要点、句型变化、运用词汇和语法结构的准确性。

5) 评分时,如拼写错误较多,书写较差,以至影响交际,将分数降低一个档次。

2. 各档次的给分范围和要求

16—20 分	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 完全完成了试题规定的任务； • 覆盖所有内容要点； • 语法结构、句型和词汇有变化； • 语法结构和用词准确。
11—15 分	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 较好地完成了试题规定的任务； • 覆盖所有内容要点； • 句型和词汇有变化； • 语法结构和词汇基本准确,些许错误主要是因为尝试较复杂语法结构或词汇所致。
6—10 分	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 基本完成了试题规定的任务； • 覆盖所有内容要点； • 运用语法结构和词汇方面能满足任务的基本要求； • 有一些语法结构或词汇方面的错误,但不影响理解。
3—5 分	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 虽尽力但不足以完成试题规定的任务； • 仅覆盖部分主要内容,或写了一些无关内容； • 语法结构和词汇运用能力很弱； • 有许多语法结构或词汇方面的错误,影响了对写作内容的理解。
1—2 分	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 未完成试题规定的任务； • 句子不完整或无法理解； • 语法结构或词汇方面错误连篇,影响对写作内容的理解;语言运用能力差。
0 分	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 未答题,或虽作答但不知所云。